

Percentage and Number of Poor Estimation

Year	Poverty Ratio (%)			Number of Poor (million)		
	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
1973-74	56.4	49.0	54.9	261.3	60.0	321.3
1977-78	53.1	45.2	51.3	264.3	64.6	328.9
1983	45.6	40.8	44.5	252.0	70.9	322.9
1987-88	39.1	38.2	38.9	231.9	75.2	307.0
1993-94	50.1	31.8	45.3	328.6	74.5	403.7
1999-2000	27.1	23.6	26.1	193.2	67.0	260.2
2004-05 ¹ (Uniform Reference Period)	28.3	25.7	27.5	220.9	80.8	301.7
2004-05 ² (Mixed Reference Period)	21.8	21.7	21.8	170.3	68.2	238.5

1 - Comparable with 1993-94 Estimates; 2 - Comparable with 1999-2000 Estimates

Percentage and Number of Poor Estimated (Poverty Estimates) by Expert Group by Tendulkar Method using Mixed Reference Period

	Poverty Ratio (%)			Number of Poor (million)		
	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
I. Expert Group 2009 (Tendulkar Methodology)						
1. 1993-94	50.1	31.8	45.3	328.60	74.50	403.70
2. 2004-05	41.8	25.7	37.2	326.30	80.80	407.10
3. 2009-10	33.8	20.9	29.8	278.21	76.47	354.68
4. 2011-12	25.7	13.7	21.9	216.50	52.80	269.30
II. Expert Group 1993 (Lakdawala Methodology)						
1. 1993-94	37.3	32.4	36.0	244.0	76.3	320.4
2. 2004-05	28.3	25.7	27.5	220.9	80.8	301.7
Annual Average Decline from 1993-94 to 2011-12						
	Poverty Ratio (% points)			Number of Poor (million)		
	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
Annual Average Decline : 1993-94 to 2004-05 (% points per annum)	0.75	0.55	0.74	0.21	-0.57	-0.31
2004-05 from 1993-94 by Expert Group 1993	0.82	0.61	0.77	2.10	-0.41	1.70
2009-10 from 2004-05 by Expert Group 2009	1.60	0.96	1.48	9.62	0.87	10.48
Annual Average Decline : 2004-05 to 2011-12 (% points per annum)	2.32	1.69	2.18	15.69	4.00	19.69

Source: Planning Commission Estimates